

SENS-501 Gene Therapy
for Autosomal Recessive
Non-Syndromic Deafness 9
(DFNB9)

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ARO 2024

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Sensorion's Gene Therapy Programs Target Rare Auditory Diseases

FIRST PROGRAMS RESULTING FROM THE INSTITUT PASTEUR COLLABORATION

OTOFERLIN DEFICIENCY

- Patients with mutations in OTOF suffer from severe to profound sensorineural prelingual non-syndromic hearing loss
- Otoferlin deficiency could be responsible for up to 8% of all cases of congenital hearing loss
- Prevalence ~20,000 in the USA + EU
- Incidence ~1,100 per year in USA + EU
- EU and US ODD, US RPDD
- Clinical Trial Application Filed (UK MHRA & Europe)

GJB2-RELATED HEARING LOSS

Three forms of hearing loss are associated with *GJB2* gene mutations:

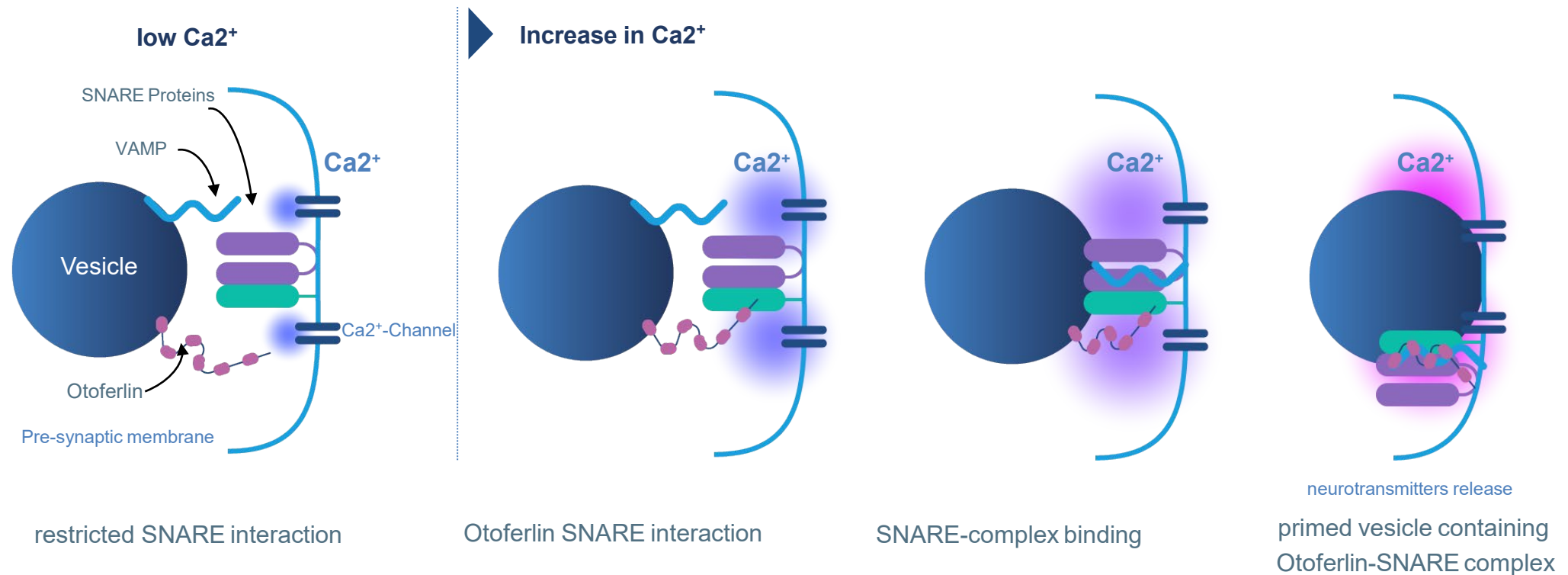
- Congenital⁷
- Progressive childhood onset⁸
- Early onset of severe presbycusis⁹
- Prevalence of congenital and childhood onset forms are estimated to be **~210,000** patients as around 50% of autosomal recessive non syndromic hearing loss^{10, 11}
- **~100,000** patients between 30- and 69-years old thought to be affected by a monogenic form of presbycusis due to *GJB2* mutations¹¹

Sources: Akil et al. 2019 ([link](#)), Orphanet ([link](#)), NIH ([link](#)), company estimates based on publicly available population data, Chardan 2020 report, Bryan, Garnier & Co 2019 report, Institut Pasteur, Boucher et al. 2020 ([link](#))

DELAYED DIAGNOSIS – NOT SUSPECTED AT FIRST SIGHT

GENE THERAPY HAS A LIFE-CHANGING POTENTIAL FOR THESE AUDITORY DISEASES

OTOF Gene Encodes Otoferlin, A Key Ca²⁺ Sensor Protein



Model illustrating calcium regulation of otoferlin/SNARE interaction in the hair cell – Adapted from Ramakrishnan *et al.* 2014

OTOF is the gene coding for the otoferlin protein, a Ca²⁺ sensor for vesicle fusion and vesicle pool replenishment at auditory hair cell ribbon synapses

Rationale for OTOF Mutation-associated Hearing Loss Gene Therapy

SENS-501 (OTOF-GT) to restore physiological hearing

- Well understood biology and pathology of the otoferlin deficiency
- Full functionality of the remaining chain
- High specificity for the inner hair cells (IHCs), no off-target effect expected



- Pilot program demonstrating that GT is a relevant medical approach for the inner ear
- Establish understanding of GT in the inner ear by the Regulators and the Payers for future GT programs
- Medical plausibility and target population have been confirmed through :
 - ✓ Orphan Drug Designation in the US and EU
 - ✓ Rare Pediatric Disease Designation with eligibility for voucher in the US

Current strategies for OTOF gene therapies

Dual AAV - Different serotypes and promoters¹⁻⁵

Sensorion
AAV8

AKOUOS

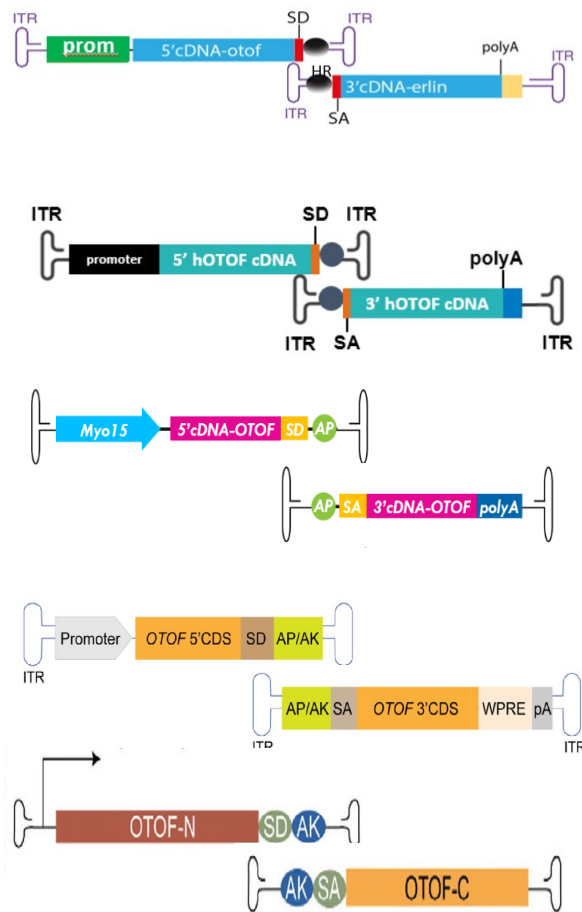
ANC80

Decibel
THERAPEUTICS™

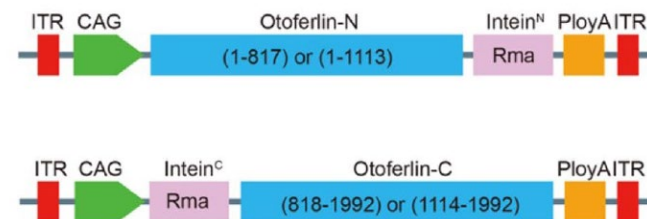
AAV1

Shanghai Refreshgene
Therapeutics
AAV1

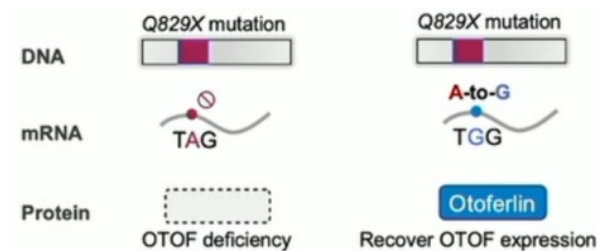
Suzhou Otovia Therapeutics
AAV



Dual AAV - Protein trans-splicing of N- and C-terminal otoferlin⁶









RNA Base conversion (correction of Q829X stop mutation)⁷



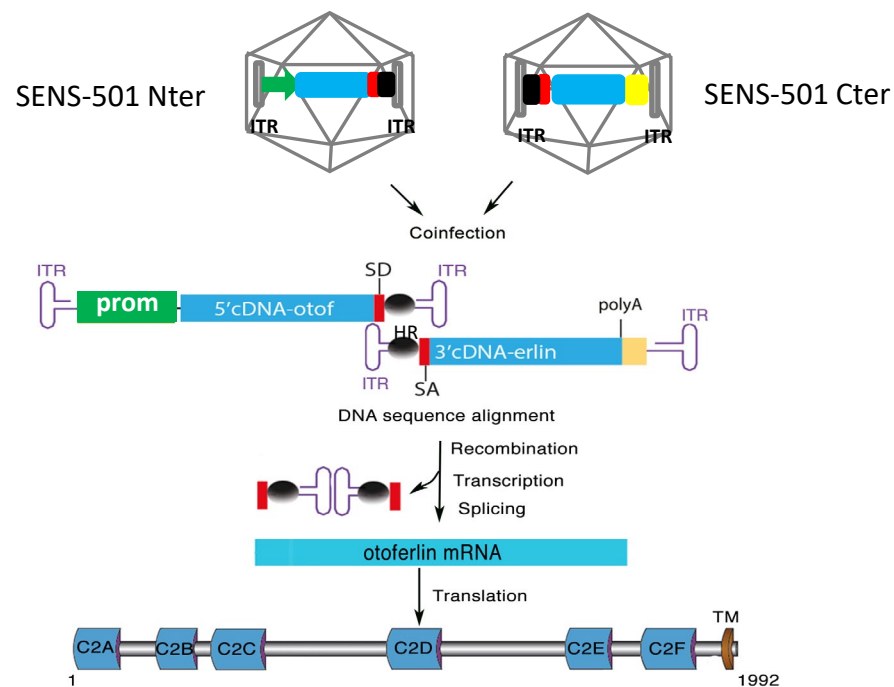
¹ Sensorion ([link](#)), ² Akouos ([link](#)), ³ Decibel ([link](#)), ⁴ Mol Ther Methods Clin Dev 2023/Lancet 2024, ⁵ Adv Sci (Weinh). 2024, ⁶ Hum Genet 2023, ⁷ Mol Ther 2023

Development Strategy

CRITERIA	SENSORION
AAV capsid selected for high-level of target cells specificity	
GT product showing high level of target cells transduction	
Limited off-target tissue biodistribution	
Surgical approach developed and mastered by ENTs surgeons	
Natural History Study preparing execution of the clinical trial	
Regular engagement with regulatory agencies	

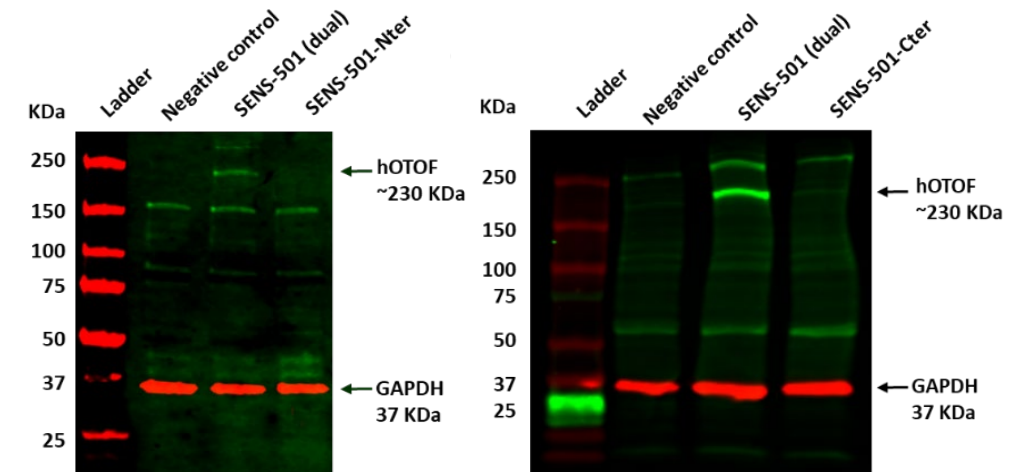
SENS-501 Is a Dual AAV8 Containing The Coding Sequence Of Human Otoferlin, Allowing Expression Of Full-length Otoferlin

Schematic hybrid dual AAV8



ITR: Inverted Terminal Repeat; SD/SA: Splicing Donor/Acceptor sequence, HR: Homology Region

In vitro expression of full length Otoferlin protein

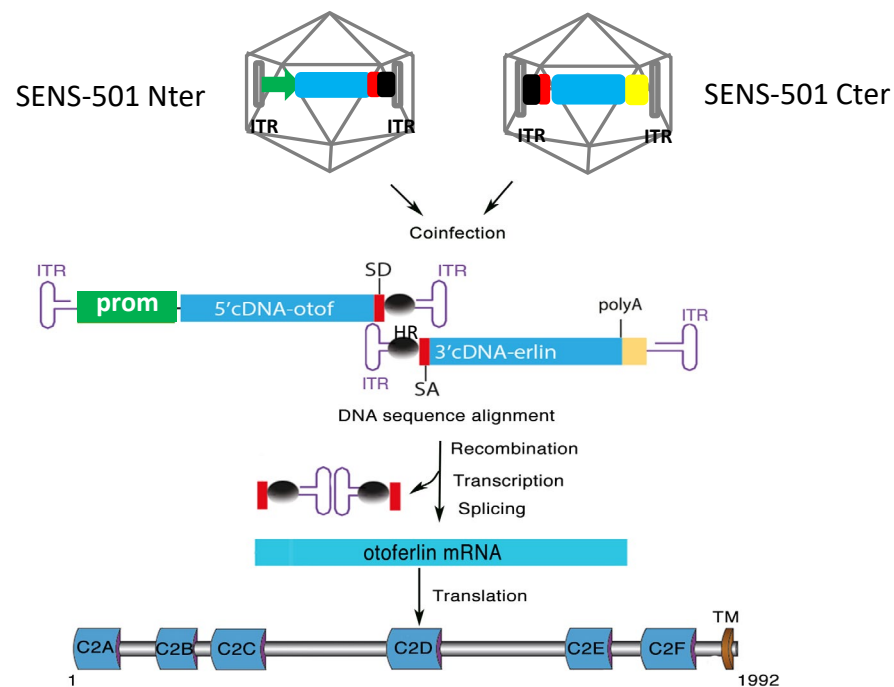


- Highly efficient recombination (e.g. full length mRNA)
- Efficient splicing (e.g. full length hOTOF protein expression)
- Ratio 1:1 selected for in vivo studies
- No Otoferlin protein expression with single vectors (confirmed by Mass Spectrometry)

bp: base pair, kDa: kilo Dalton, MK : ladder

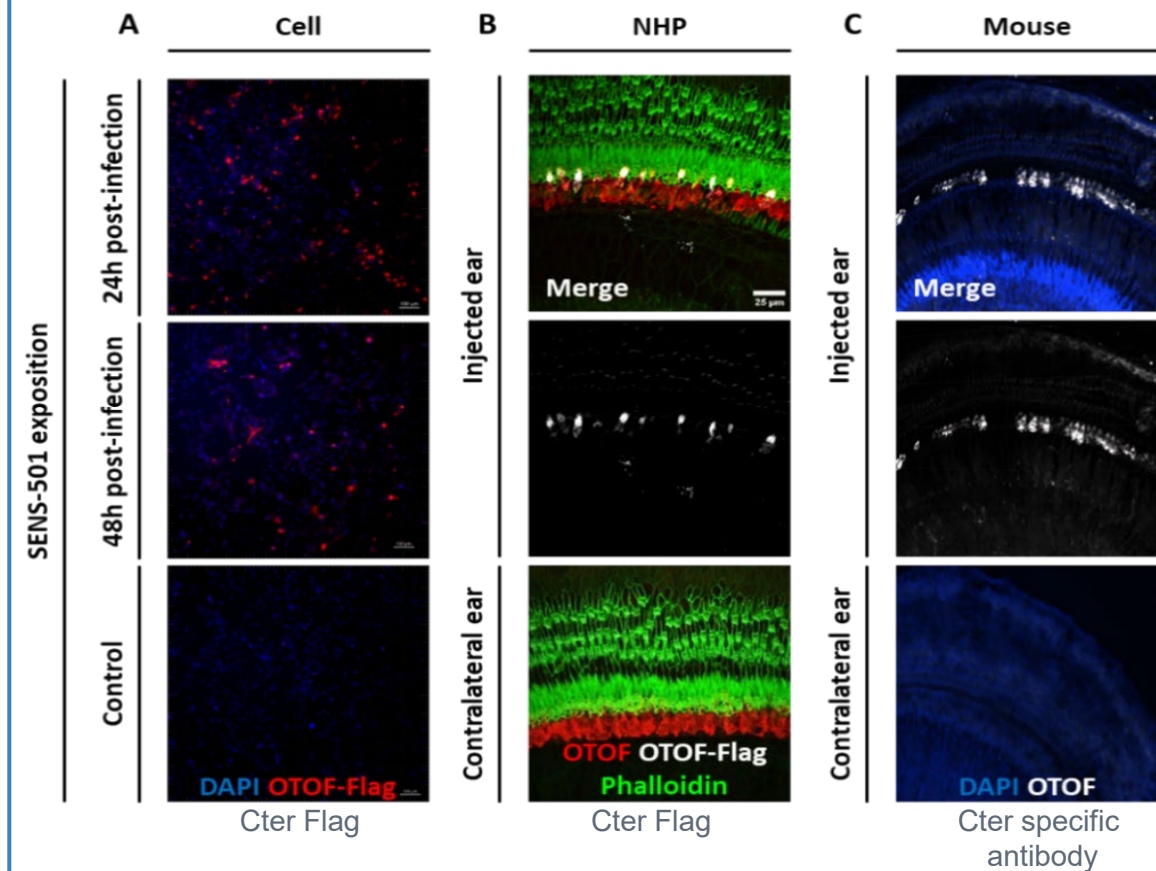
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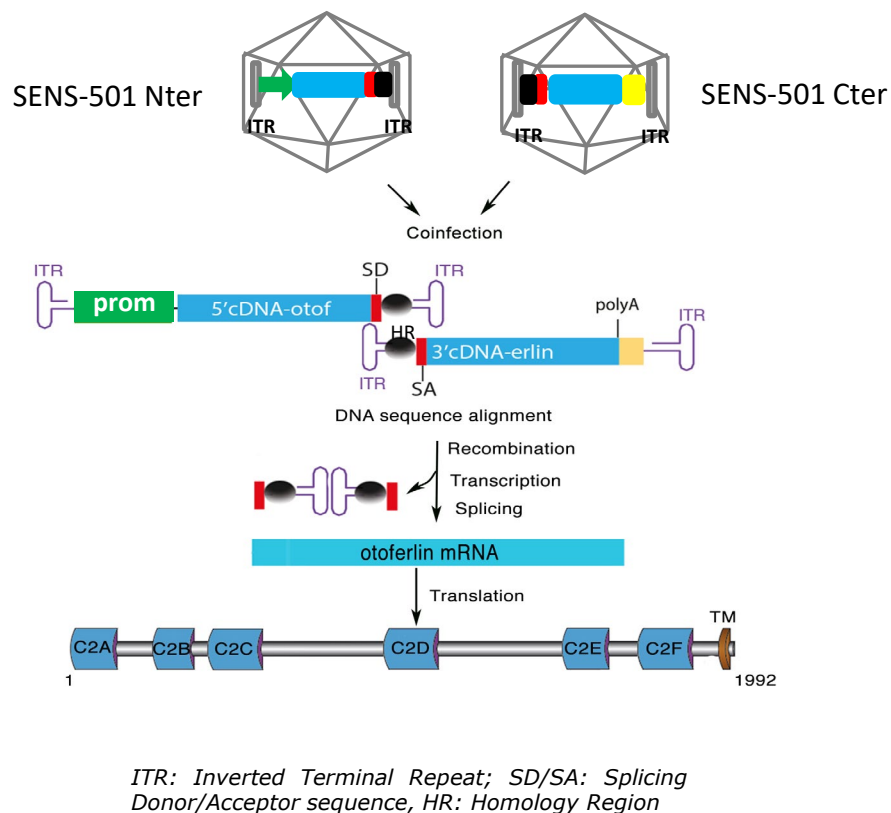
In vivo expression of full length Otoferlin protein



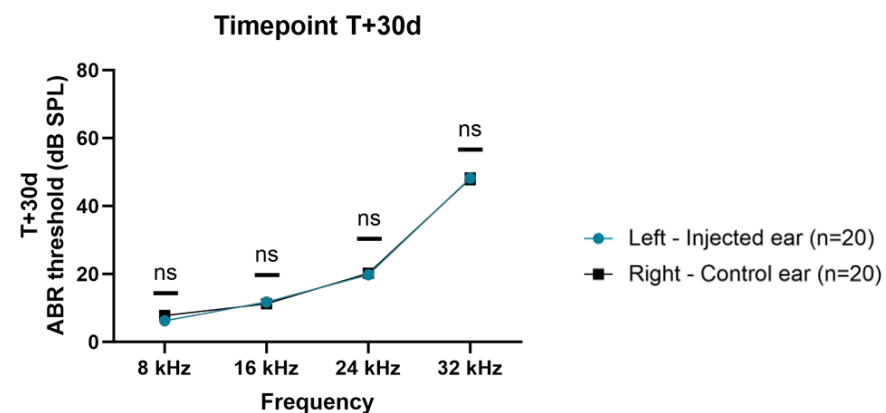
- Recombination and Otoferlin protein expression in 3 models
 NHP: OTOF-Flag (tag sequence fused in frame with the Cter Otoferlin)
 Mouse: SENS-501 injected in Otof ^{-/-} mutant mice; Cter specific antibody

SENS-501 Is a Dual AAV8 Containing The Coding Sequence Of Human Otoferlin, Allowing Expression Of Full-length Otoferlin

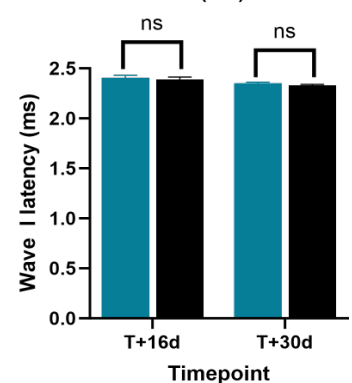
Schematic hybrid dual AAV8



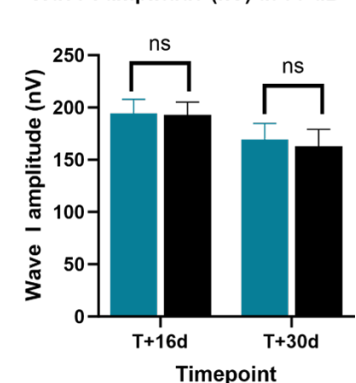
No deleterious impact on cochlear histology and ABR at high dose in WT mice



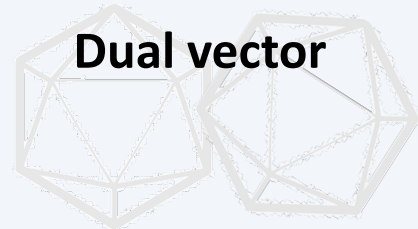
Wave I latencies (ms) at 90 dB -



Wave I amplitude (nV) at 90 dB -

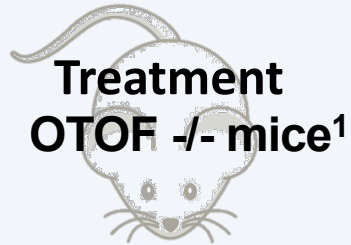


SENS-501 Efficacy is Supported by multiple *In Vivo* Studies Conducted in a Translational Model of Otoferlin Deficiency



Dual vector

AAV8 – murine OTOF



Treatment
OTOF -/- mice¹

Before hearing onset
(P10)



Duration

1 year



Main results²

- Stable & long-term restoration as early as 4w post injection
- No adverse events observed

AAV8 – murine OTOF
AAV8 – human OTOF

After hearing onset
(P17-p25)

6 months

- Stable & long-term restoration as early as 4w post injection confirmed in mature mice
- No adverse events observed

SENS-501

After hearing onset
(P17-P25)

10 months

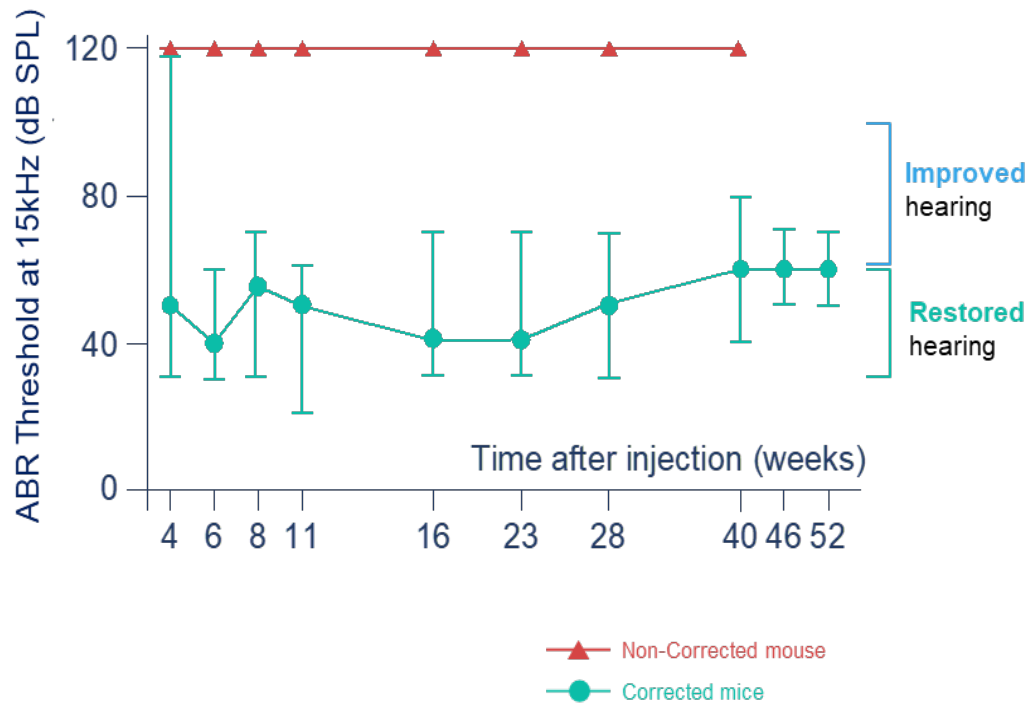
- Stable & long-term restoration as early as 4w post injection
- No adverse events observed
- Dose response
- Behavioral test (startle reflex) confirms hearing restoration

¹: Akil et al., PNAS 2019; ²: Olivier et al. ASGCT 2023 [link](#)

SENS-501 Leads To Long-term Hearing Recovery In OTOF-/- Mice

Long-term hearing restoration

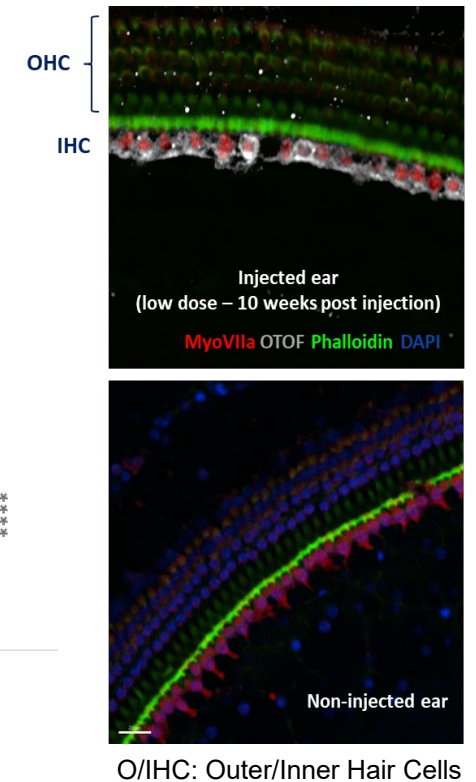
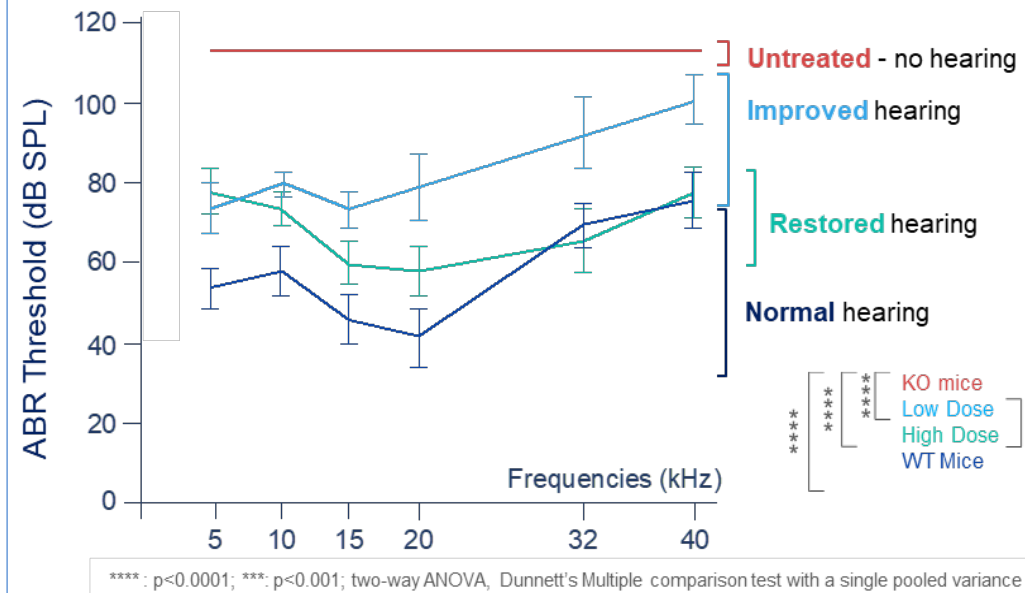
AAV-mOTOF injected in mice before hearing onset



- Durable hearing restoration in *Otof*^{-/-} mice by dual AAV-OTOF directly delivered to the inner ear up to one year post-injection

Hearing restoration correlates with de novo OTOF expression

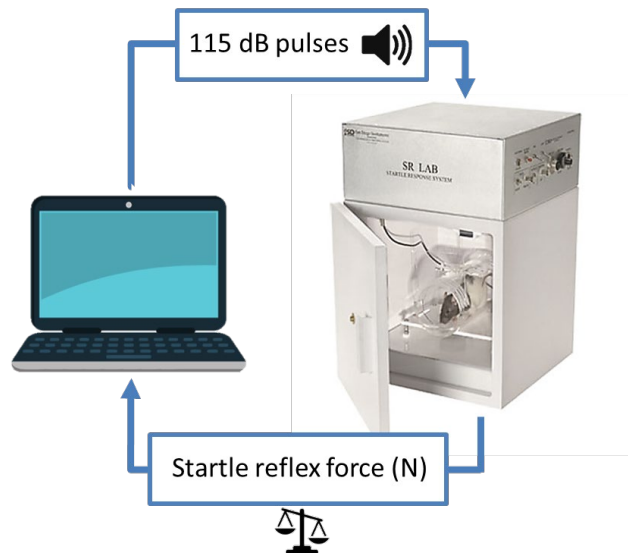
SENS-501 injected in mice after hearing onset



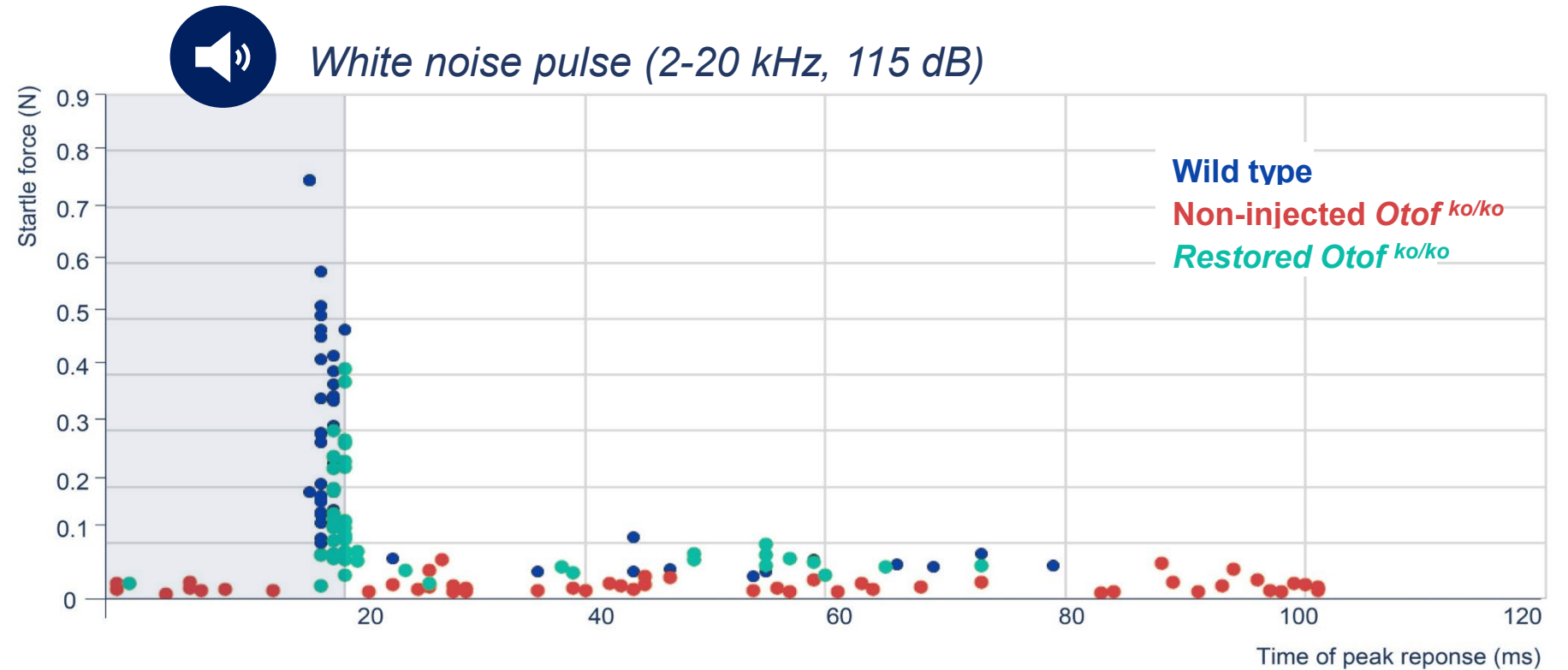
- Long term (up to 10 months) efficacy in *Otof*^{-/-} mice
- Dose studies allowed to define minimal active dose (MABEL)
- Selective Otoferlin expression in Inner Hair Cells with normal subcellular localisation
- No expression in contralateral ear

SENS-501 Leads To Restoration Of The Startle Reflex In OTOF^{-/-} Mice

Startle platform



Behavior test based on hearing recovery implemented in P14 Otof^{-/-} mice



- Restoration of the startle reflex in *Otof*^{-/-} mice, efficient integration of the sound stimulus

Olivier et al. ASGCT 2023 [link](#)

Dedicated Surgical Approach For Gene Therapy

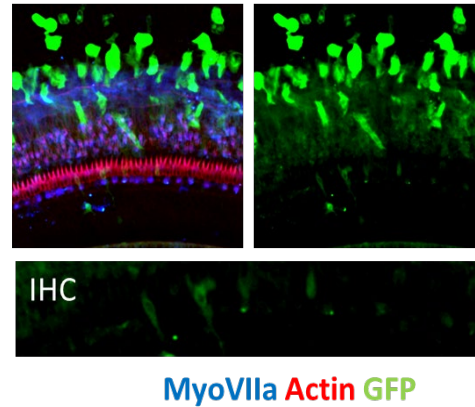
Non-Human Primates injected through the round window membrane (RWI) with or without stapedotomy (stap) with AAV8 GFP

1 Fenestration



Used for cochlear implant

- Overpressure
- Limited volume
- Backflow
- Irregular transduction rate

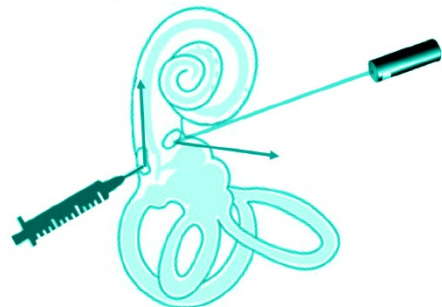


Surgical approach

- Surgical procedure **mastered by ENTs surgeons**
- Optimized surgery uses **stapedotomy procedure** to maximize target cells exposure along the full length of the tonotopic axis
 - trans-canal approach
 - access to the canal through preauricular incision
- **Proprietary injection device developed** to inject a defined volume at a controlled flow rate

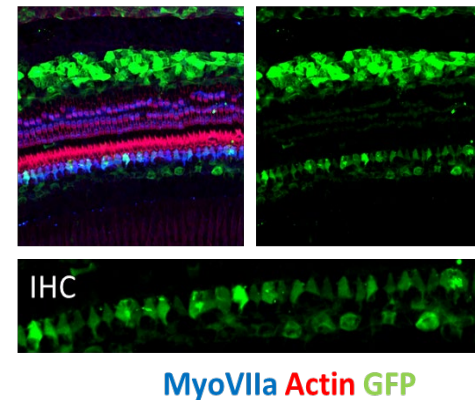
2 FENESTRATIONS

(Round window membrane + oval window)



Combining 2 common surgical technics: cochlear implant and stapedotomy

- No overpressure
- No backflow
- Homogenous and efficient transduction rate

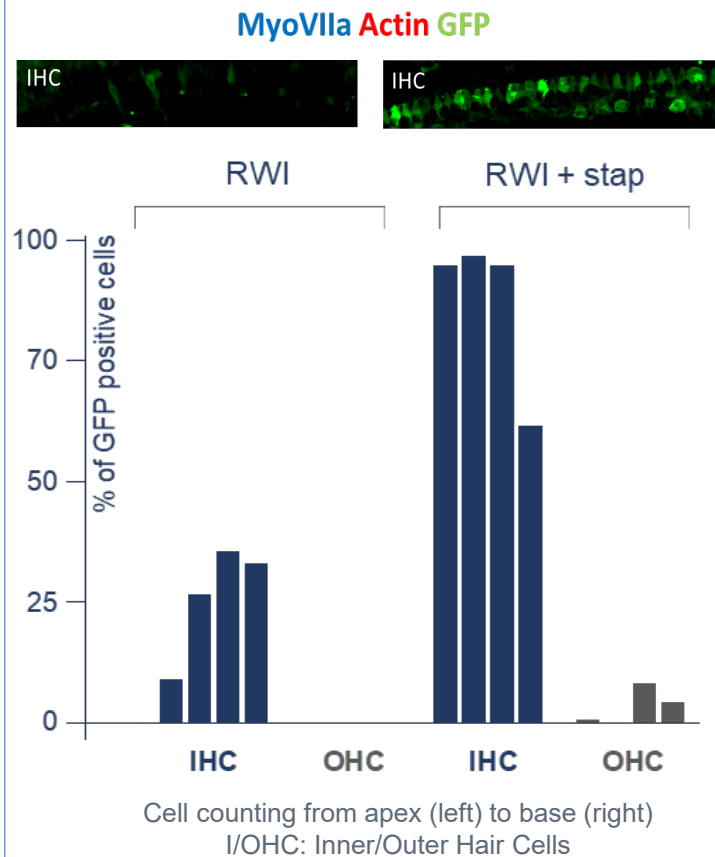


See poster SU57

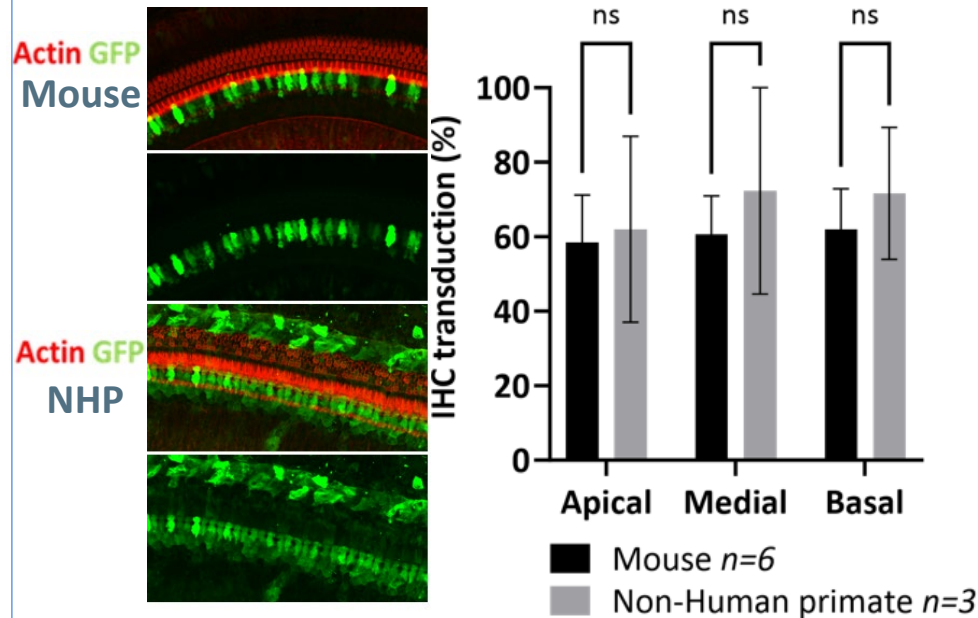
Dedicated Surgical Approach For Gene Therapy

Non-Human Primates injected through the round window membrane (RWI) with or without stapedotomy (stap) with AAV8 GFP

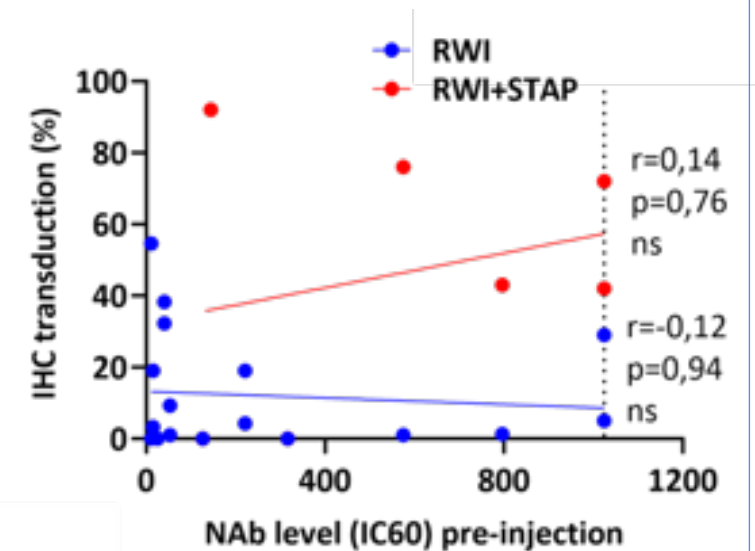
Efficient transduction in NHP from base to apex



Comparable transducibility mouse vs NHP



No impact of anti-AAV8 immunity on transgene expression in NHP



3-month GLP Toxicology and Biodistribution Studies In NHP

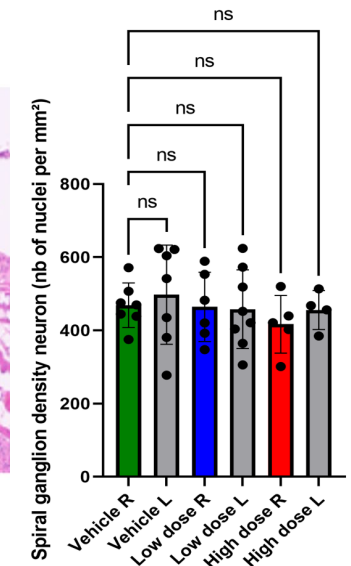
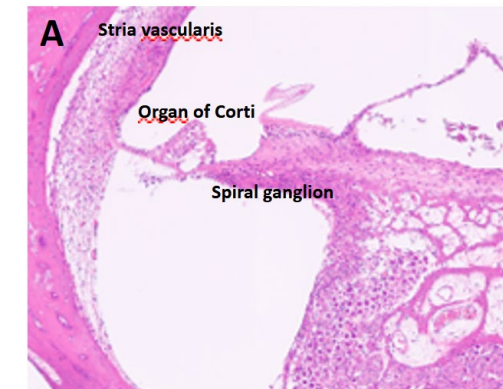
Study design

- 2 doses, vehicle group
- M/F, n=3/sex/group
- Juvenile at surgery
- Same route of administration and injection device intended in human
- Tested doses provide high safety margin vs intended clinical dose

Toxicology

- **SENS-501 is well tolerated** and did not induce any macroscopic/organ weight changes or local/systemic microscopic findings
- **ECG, clinical pathology, hematology and CRP: no SENS-501 related findings**
- Immune response occurs in serum in the expected timeframe, is modest in occurrence and magnitude, and is not accompanied with any findings

No local findings in the inner ear or vestibular system, the auditory nerve and the spiral ganglion



3-month GLP Toxicology and Biodistribution Studies In NHP

Study design

- **2 doses, vehicle group**
- **M/F, n=3/sex/group**
- **Juvenile at surgery**
- **Same route of administration and injection device intended in human**
- **Tested doses provide high safety margin vs intended clinical dose**

Biodistribution and shedding

- **The vast majority of the vectors remains in the injected ear, no dissemination was observed in gonads, main organs and brain**
 - Outside the inner ear, SENS-501 was quantified in cervical and parotid lymph nodes
 - Presence of vector DNA was not associated with any microscopic histological findings
- **Shedding: Limited persistence in fluids, vector persistence decreased over time**
 - Blood on Day 4,
 - Urine, feces, nasal swabs, saliva, tears on Day 16

SENS-501 Preclinical Development Status

- A 3-month single dose toxicology study aiming to assess toxicology, biodistribution, local tolerance and immunogenicity of intracochlear administration of SENS-501 in NHP (study SENS1100-TX-413).



- A 6-month single dose toxicology study aiming to assess toxicology, biodistribution, local tolerance and immunogenicity of intracochlear administration of SENS-501 in NHP (study SENS1100-TX-438).



- A 6-month single dose toxicology study aiming to assess toxicology, biodistribution and local tolerance of IV administration of SENS-501 in mice (study SENS1100-TX-414).



Overall, SENS-501 is well tolerated and did not induce any macroscopic/organ weight changes or local/systemic microscopic findings at the end of the observation.

Preclinical package allowed CTA filing in UK, EU in 2022

Phase 1/2 Audiogene Study (SENS-501) Approved in France

First Patient Communication Anticipated in H2 2024

Audiogene, a Phase 1/2 clinical trial in children aged 6 to 31 months to assess safety, tolerability, and efficacy of SENS-501 following unilateral injection into the cochlea

Audiogene Study Design



Pediatric patients, aged 6 to 31 months at the time of the injection

- Targeting the first years of life to maximize chances of acquiring speech and language



Single intra-cochlear unilateral injection



Dose escalation

- Primary endpoint: safety, tolerability



Dose expansion

- Primary endpoint: ABR (Auditory Brainstem Response)



Otoferlin “Audinnove” Consortium and ongoing Natural History Studies Provide Privileged Access To Patients And Surgeons

Audinnove consortium received Hospital-University Research (RHU) prize:

- The consortium is eligible to receive up to €9.7m to develop a Gene Therapy program addressing otoferlin deficiency
- Audioferlin: Natural History Study: clinical evaluation and selection of patients
- Database compilation with genotypic and phenotypic characterization of children with congenital hearing loss
- Phase 1/2 Gene Therapy study (financing up to 1st patient in the clinical study)

Audinnove consortium is key to the understanding of the epidemiology and to build awareness of the emerging gene therapies

Necker-Enfants Malades Hospital

- The first dedicated pediatric hospital in the world

The Reference Center for Genetic Deafness at Necker coordinates the French and European genetic deafness networks



Audinnove is financed by the French State, via the National Research Agency through the “Investing for the future” program (ref: ANR-18-RHUS-0007)

OTOCONEX: Natural History Study running across Europe to support identification of DFNB9 patients for Audiogene

- Multicentric (10 centers), 5 EU countries

AUDINNOVE CONSORTIUM MEMBERS



SENS-501 (OTOF) Gene Therapy Program Status – Progressing

Preclinical package completed



Injection device system development completed



GMP Drug product manufactured



CTA Approval in France



European Natural History Study
OTOCONEX



First Patient Communication
H2 2024



Acknowledgements



Arnaud Giese
Guillaume Olivier
Christophe Tran Van Ba
Lise Barrot
Rafik Boudra
Julie Duron Dos Reis
Charlene Vaux
Sandra Pierredon
Anais Pages
Pauline Liaudet
Audrey Broussy
Anne-Gabrielle Harrus
Selma Dadak
Laura Gallot
Géraldine Petit

Christine Le Bec
Emilie Bousquet
Geraldine Honnet
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Laetitia Zara
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**Check-out our posters
SU56, SU57, S61**

